



ACED

Smart Contract Review

Deliverable: Smart Contract Audit Report

Security Report

December 2021

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Report Summary

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Title | ACED Smart Contract Audit | | |
| Project Owner | ACED | | |
| Type | Public | | |
| Reviewed by | Vatsal Raychura | Revision date | 16/12/2021 |
| Approved by | eNebula Solutions Private Limited | Approval date | 16/12/2021 |
| | | Nº Pages | 30 |

Overview

Background

ACED's team requested that eNebula Solutions perform an Extensive Smart Contract audit of their Smart Contract.

Project Dates

The following is the project schedule for this review and report:

- **December 16:** Smart Contract Review Completed (*Completed*)
- **December 16:** Delivery of Smart Contract Audit Report (*Completed*)

Review Team

The following eNebula Solutions team member participated in this review:

- Sejal Barad, Security Researcher and Engineer
- Vatsal Raychura, Security Researcher and Engineer

Coverage

Target Specification and Revision

For this audit, we performed research, investigation, and review of the smart contract of ACED.

The following documentation repositories were considered in-scope for the review:

- ACED Project:
<https://bscscan.com/address/0xbf03013e317cf434b24967a6d804a683f963cbcb#code>

Introduction

Given the opportunity to review ACED Project's smart contract source code, we in the report outline our systematic approach to evaluate potential security issues in the smart contract implementation, expose possible semantic inconsistencies between smart contract code and design document, and provide additional suggestions or recommendations for improvement. Our results show that the given version of smart contracts is ready to launch after resolving the mentioned issues, there are no critical or high issues found related to business logic, security or performance.

About ACED: -

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Issuer | ACED |
| Type | BEP20 |
| Platform | Solidity |
| Audit Method | Whitebox |
| Latest Audit Report | December 16, 2021 |

The Test Method Information: -

| Test method | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| Black box testing | Conduct security tests from an attacker's perspective externally. |
| Grey box testing | Conduct security testing on code modules through the scripting tool, observing the internal running status, mining weaknesses. |
| White box testing | Based on the open-source code, non-open-source code, to detect whether there are vulnerabilities in programs such as nodes, SDK, etc. |

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The vulnerability severity level information:

| Level | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Critical | Critical severity vulnerabilities will have a significant effect on the security of the DeFi project, and it is strongly recommended to fix the critical vulnerabilities. |
| High | High severity vulnerabilities will affect the normal operation of the DeFi project. It is strongly recommended to fix high-risk vulnerabilities. |
| Medium | Medium severity vulnerability will affect the operation of the DeFi project. It is recommended to fix medium-risk vulnerabilities. |
| Low | Low severity vulnerabilities may affect the operation of the DeFi project in certain scenarios. It is suggested that the project party should evaluate and consider whether these vulnerabilities need to be fixed. |
| Weakness | There are safety risks theoretically, but it is extremely difficult to reproduce in engineering. |

The Full List of Check Items:

| Category | Check Item |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Basic Coding Bugs | Constructor Mismatch |
| | Ownership Takeover |
| | Redundant Fallback Function |
| | Overflows & Underflows |
| | Reentrancy |
| | MONEY-Giving Bug |
| | Blackhole |
| | Unauthorized Self-Destruct |
| | Revert DoS |
| | Unchecked External Call |
| | Gasless Send |
| | Send Instead of Transfer |
| | Costly Loop |
| | (Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries |
| | (Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables |
| Transaction Ordering Dependence | |
| Deprecated Uses | |
| Semantic Consistency Checks | Semantic Consistency Checks |
| | Business Logics Review |

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| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Advanced DeFi Scrutiny | Functionality Checks |
| | Authentication Management |
| | Access Control & Authorization |
| | Oracle Security |
| | Digital Asset Escrow |
| | Kill-Switch Mechanism |
| | Operation Trails & Event Generation |
| | ERC20 Idiosyncrasies Handling |
| | Frontend-Contract Integration |
| | Deployment Consistency |
| | Holistic Risk Management |
| Additional Recommendations | Avoiding Use of Variadic Byte Array |
| | Using Fixed Compiler Version |
| | Making Visibility Level Explicit |
| | Making Type Inference Explicit |
| | Adhering To Function Declaration Strictly |
| | Following Other Best Practices |

Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) Classifications Used in This Audit:

| Category | Summary |
|--|---|
| Configuration | Weaknesses in this category are typically introduced during the configuration of the software. |
| Data Processing Issues | Weaknesses in this category are typically found in functionality that processes data. |
| Numeric Errors | Weaknesses in this category are related to improper calculation or conversion of numbers. |
| Security Features | Weaknesses in this category are concerned with topics like authentication, access control, confidentiality, cryptography, and privilege management. (Software security is not security software.) |
| Time and State | Weaknesses in this category are related to the improper management of time and state in an environment that supports simultaneous or near-simultaneous computation by multiple systems, processes, or threads. |
| Error Conditions, Return Values, Status Codes | Weaknesses in this category include weaknesses that occur if a function does not generate the correct return/status code, or if the application does not handle all possible return/status codes that could be generated by a function. |
| Resource Management | Weaknesses in this category are related to improper management of system resources. |

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| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Behavioral Issues | Weaknesses in this category are related to unexpected behaviors from code that an application uses. |
| Business Logics | Weaknesses in this category identify some of the underlying problems that commonly allow attackers to manipulate the business logic of an application. Errors in business logic can be devastating to an entire application. |
| Initialization and Cleanup | Weaknesses in this category occur in behaviors that are used for initialization and breakdown. |
| Arguments and Parameters | Weaknesses in this category are related to improper use arguments or parameters within function calls. |
| Expression Issues | Weaknesses in this category are related to incorrectly written expressions within code. |
| Coding Practices | Weaknesses in this category are related to coding practices that are deemed unsafe and increase the chances that an exploitable vulnerability will be present in the application. They may not directly introduce a vulnerability, but indicate the product has not been carefully developed or maintained. |

Findings

Summary

Here is a summary of our findings after analyzing the ACED's Smart Contract. During the first phase of our audit, we studied the smart contract sourcecode and ran our in-house static code analyzer through the Specific tool. The purpose here is to statically identify known coding bugs, and then manually verify (reject or confirm) issues reported by tool. We further manually review businesslogics, examine system operations, and place DeFi-related aspects under scrutiny to uncover possible pitfalls and/or bugs.

| Severity | No. of Issues |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Critical | 0 |
| High | 0 |
| Medium | 0 |
| Low | 3 |
| Total | 3 |

We have so far identified that there are potential issues with severity of **0 Critical, 0 High, 0 Medium, and 3 Low**. Overall, these smart contracts are well- designed and engineered.

Functional Overview

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| (\$) = payable function | [Pub] public |
| # = non-constant function | [Ext] external |
| | [Prv] private |
| | [Int] internal |

+ [Lib] SafeMath

- [Int] tryAdd
- [Int] trySub
- [Int] tryMul
- [Int] tryDiv
- [Int] tryMod
- [Int] add
- [Int] sub
- [Int] mul
- [Int] div
- [Int] mod
- [Int] sub
- [Int] div
- [Int] mod

+ [Int] IBEP20

- [Ext] totalSupply
- [Ext] decimals
- [Ext] symbol
- [Ext] name
- [Ext] getOwner
- [Ext] balanceOf

- [Ext] transfer #
- [Ext] allowance
- [Ext] approve #
- [Ext] transferFrom #

- + Auth
 - [Pub] <Constructor> #
 - [Pub] authorize #
 - modifiers: onlyOwner
 - [Pub] unauthorize #
 - modifiers: onlyOwner
 - [Pub] isOwner
 - [Pub] isAuthorized
 - [Pub] transferOwnership #
 - modifiers: onlyOwner

- + [Int] IDEXFactory
 - [Ext] createPair #

- + [Int] IDEXRouter
 - [Ext] factory
 - [Ext] WETH
 - [Ext] addLiquidity #
 - [Ext] addLiquidityETH (\$)
 - [Ext] swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens #
 - [Ext] swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens (\$)
 - [Ext] swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens #

- + [Int] IDividendDistributor
 - [Ext] setDistributionCriteria #
 - [Ext] setShare #

- [Ext] deposit (\$)
- [Ext] process #

- + DividendDistributor (IDividendDistributor)
 - [Pub] <Constructor> #
 - [Ext] setDistributionCriteria #
 - modifiers: onlyToken
 - [Ext] setShare #
 - modifiers: onlyToken
 - [Ext] deposit (\$)
 - modifiers: onlyToken
 - [Ext] process #
 - modifiers: onlyToken
 - [Int] shouldDistribute
 - [Int] distributeDividend #
 - [Ext] claimDividend #
 - [Pub] getUnpaidEarnings
 - [Int] getCumulativeDividends
 - [Int] addShareholder #
 - [Int] removeShareholder #

- + AceD (IBEP20, Auth)
 - [Pub] <Constructor> #
 - modifiers: Auth
 - [Ext] <Fallback> (\$)
 - [Ext] totalSupply
 - [Ext] decimals
 - [Ext] symbol
 - [Ext] name
 - [Ext] getOwner
 - [Pub] balanceOf

- [Ext] allowance
- [Pub] approve #
- [Ext] approveMax #
- [Ext] transfer #
- [Ext] transferFrom #
- [Int] _transferFrom #
- [Int] _basicTransfer #
- [Int] checkTxLimit
- [Int] shouldTakeFee
- [Pub] getTotalFee
- [Pub] getMultipliedFee
- [Int] takeFee #
- [Int] shouldSwapBack
- [Int] swapBack #
 - modifiers: swapping
- [Int] shouldAutoBuyback
- [Ext] triggerZeusBuyback #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] clearBuybackMultiplier #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Int] triggerAutoBuyback #
- [Int] buyTokens #
 - modifiers: swapping
- [Ext] setAutoBuybackSettings #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setBuybackMultiplierSettings #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Int] launched
- [Pub] launch #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setTxLimit #

- modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setIsDividendExempt #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setIsFeeExempt #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setIsTxLimitExempt #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setFees #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setFeeReceivers #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setSwapBackSettings #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setTargetLiquidity #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setDistributionCriteria #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Ext] setDistributorSettings #
 - modifiers: authorized
- [Pub] getCirculatingSupply
- [Pub] getLiquidityBacking
- [Pub] isOverLiquified

Detailed Results

Issues Checking Status

1. Floating Pragma

- SWC ID:103
- Severity: Low
- Location: AceD.sol
- Relationships: CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime
- Description: A floating pragma is set. The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.
- Remediations: Lock the pragma version and also consider known bugs (<https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/releases>) for the compiler version that is chosen.

2. State Variable Default Visibility

- SWC ID:108
- Severity: Low
- Location: AceD.sol
- Relationships: CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards
- Description: State variable visibility are not set. It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "_token", "BUSD", "WBNB", "router", "shareholders", "shareholderIndexes", "shareholderClaims", "currentIndex", "initialized", "BUSD", "DEAD", "ZERO", "DEAD_NON_CHECKSUM", "_totalSupply", "_balances", "_allowances", "isFeeExempt", "isTxLimitExempt", "isDividendExempt", "liquidityFee", "buybackFee", "reflectionFee", "marketingFee", "totalFee", "feeDenominator", "targetLiquidity", "targetLiquidityDenominator", "buybackMultiplierNumerator", "buybackMultiplierDenominator", "buybackMultiplierTriggeredAt", "buybackMultiplierLength", "buyBacker", "autoBuybackCap", "autoBuybackAccumulator", "autoBuybackAmount", "autoBuybackBlockPeriod", "autoBuybackBlockLast", "distributor", "distributorGas", "inSwap" are internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.
- Remediations: Variables can be specified as being public, internal or private. Explicitly define visibility for all state variables.

3. Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes

- SWC ID:120
- Severity: Low
- Location: AceD.sol
- Relationships: CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values
- Description: Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness in the lines 570, 650, 668, 692, 708. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.
- Remediations:
 - Using commitment scheme, e.g. RANDAO.
 - Using external sources of randomness via oracles, e.g. Oraclize. Note that this approach requires trusting in oracle, thus it may be reasonable to use multiple oracles.
 - Using Bitcoin block hashes, as they are more expensive to mine.

Smart Contract Audit

Automated Tools Results

Slither: -

```
Ace0.swapBack() (Ace0.sol#603-644) sends eth to arbitrary user
Dangerous calls:
- distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (Ace0.sol#628)
- address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (Ace0.sol#626)
- router.addLiquidityETH{value: amountBNBLiquidity}(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#634-641)
}
Ace0.buyTokens(uint256,address) (Ace0.sol#673-684) sends eth to arbitrary user.
Dangerous calls:
- router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#678-683)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#functions-that-send-ether-to-arbitrary-destinations

Reentrancy in Ace0.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (Ace0.sol#327-358):
  External calls:
  - swapBack() (Ace0.sol#332)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#612-618)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (Ace0.sol#628)
    - router.addLiquidityETH{value: amountBNBLiquidity}(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (Ace0.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#678-683)
  Internal calls sending eth:
  - swapBack() (Ace0.sol#332)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (Ace0.sol#628)
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (Ace0.sol#626)
    - router.addLiquidityETH{value: amountBNBLiquidity}(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (Ace0.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#678-683)
  State variables written after the call(s):
  - balances[sender] = _balances[sender].sub(amount,InsufficientBalance) (Ace0.sol#337)
  - balances[recipient] = _balances[recipient].add(amountReceived) (Ace0.sol#341)
  - amountReceived = takeFee(sender,recipient,amount) (Ace0.sol#339)
    - balances[address(this)] = _balances[address(this)].add(feeAmount) (Ace0.sol#388)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (Ace0.sol#533)
    - inSwap = true (Ace0.sol#466)
    - inSwap = false (Ace0.sol#468)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities

DividendDistributor.distributeDividend(address) (Ace0.sol#330-369) ignores return value by BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unchecked-transfer

Reentrancy in Ace0.constructor(address) (Ace0.sol#468-492):
  External calls:
  - pair = IDFactory(router.factory()).createPair(WBNB,address(this)) (Ace0.sol#472)
  State variables written after the call(s):
  - WBNB = router.WETH() (Ace0.sol#474)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.distributeDividend(address) (Ace0.sol#358-369):
  External calls:
  - BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
  State variables written after the call(s):
  - shares[shareholder].totalRealised = shares[shareholder].totalRealised.add(amount) (Ace0.sol#366)
  - shares[shareholder].totalExcluded = getCumulativeDividends(shares[shareholder],amount) (Ace0.sol#367)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.process(uint256) (Ace0.sol#327-351):
  External calls:
  - distributeDividend(shareholders[currentIndex]) (Ace0.sol#343)
    - BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
  State variables written after the call(s):
  - currentIndex ++ (Ace0.sol#348)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.setShare(address,uint256) (Ace0.sol#291-305):
  External calls:
  - distributeDividend(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#293)
    - BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
  State variables written after the call(s):
  - shares[shareholder].amount = amount (Ace0.sol#303)
  - shares[shareholder].totalExcluded = getCumulativeDividends(shares[shareholder],amount) (Ace0.sol#304)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-1

Ace0.swapBack() (Ace0.sol#602-644) ignores return value by router.addLiquidityETH{value: amountBNBLiquidity}(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#634-641)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-return
```

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```
DividendDistributor.setDistributionCriteria(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#280-289) should emit an event for:
- minPeriod = minPeriod (Ace0.sol#287)
- minDistribution = minDistribution (Ace0.sol#288)
Ace0.setAutoBuybackSettings(bool,uint256,uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#686-693) should emit an event for:
- autoBuybackCap = cap (Ace0.sol#688)
- autoBuybackAmount = amount (Ace0.sol#690)
Ace0.setBuybackMultiplierSettings(uint256,uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#695-708) should emit an event for:
- buybackMultiplierNumerator = numerator (Ace0.sol#697)
- buybackMultiplierDenominator = denominator (Ace0.sol#698)
- buybackMultiplierLength = length (Ace0.sol#699)
Ace0.setTxLimit(uint256) (Ace0.sol#712-715) should emit an event for:
- maxTxAmount = amount (Ace0.sol#714)
Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#735-743) should emit an event for:
- liquidityFee = liquidityFee (Ace0.sol#736)
- reflectionFee = reflectionFee (Ace0.sol#738)
- marketingFee = marketingFee (Ace0.sol#739)
- totalFee = liquidityFee.add(buybackFee).add(reflectionFee).add(marketingFee) (Ace0.sol#740)
- feeDenominator = feeDenominator (Ace0.sol#743)
Ace0.setSwapbackSettings(bool,uint256) (Ace0.sol#750-751) should emit an event for:
- swapThreshold = amount (Ace0.sol#752)
Ace0.setTargetLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#755-758) should emit an event for:
- targetLiquidity = target (Ace0.sol#756)
- targetLiquidityDenominator = denominator (Ace0.sol#757)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/sltlinter/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic

Auth.transferOwnership(address).adr (Ace0.sol#168) lacks a zero-check on:
- owner = adr (Ace0.sol#169)
Ace0.setFeeReceivers(address,address),_autoLiquidityReceiver (Ace0.sol#745) lacks a zero-check on:
- autoLiquidityReceiver = autoLiquidityReceiver (Ace0.sol#746)
Ace0.setFeeReceivers(address,address),_marketingFeeReceiver (Ace0.sol#745) lacks a zero-check on:
- marketingFeeReceiver = marketingFeeReceiver (Ace0.sol#747)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/sltlinter/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation

Reentrancy in Ace0.constructor(address) (Ace0.sol#468-491):
External calls:
- pair = IDExFactory(router.factory()).createPair(WBNB,address(this)) (Ace0.sol#472)
State variables written after the call(s):
- _allowances[address(this)][address(router)] = totalSupply (Ace0.sol#473)
- approve(dexRouter,totalSupply) (Ace0.sol#488)
  - _allowances[msg.sender][spender] = amount (Ace0.sol#586)
- approve(address(pair),totalSupply) (Ace0.sol#489)
  - _allowances[msg.sender][spender] = amount (Ace0.sol#586)
- _balances[msg.sender] = totalSupply (Ace0.sol#490)
- autoLiquidityReceiver = msg.sender (Ace0.sol#485)
- buyBacker[msg.sender] = true (Ace0.sol#481)
- distributor = new DividendDistributor(dexRouter) (Ace0.sol#475)
- distributorAddress = address(distributor) (Ace0.sol#476)
- isDividendExempt(pair) = true (Ace0.sol#480)
- isDividendExempt(address(this)) = true (Ace0.sol#481)
- isDividendExempt(DEAD) = true (Ace0.sol#482)
- isFeeExempt(msg.sender) = true (Ace0.sol#478)
- isTxLimitExempt(msg.sender) = true (Ace0.sol#479)
- marketingFeeReceiver = msg.sender (Ace0.sol#486)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.deposit() (Ace0.sol#307-325):
External calls:
- router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: msg.value}(0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#314-319)
State variables written after the call(s):
- dividendsPerShare = dividendsPerShare.add(dividendsPerShareAccuracyFactor.mul(amount).div(totalShares)) (Ace0.sol#324)
- totalDividends = totalDividends.add(amount) (Ace0.sol#323)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.distributeDividend(address) (Ace0.sol#338-369):
External calls:
- BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
State variables written after the call(s):
- shareholderIndex[shareholder] = block.timestamp (Ace0.sol#365)
Reentrancy in DividendDistributor.setShare(address,uint256) (Ace0.sol#291-305):
External calls:
- distributeDividend(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#293)
  - BUSD.transfer(shareholder,amount) (Ace0.sol#364)
State variables written after the call(s):
- addShareholder(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#297)
  - shareholderIndex[shareholder] = shareholders.length (Ace0.sol#391)
- removeShareholder(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#299)
  - shareholderIndex[shareholders[shareholders.length - 1]] = shareholderIndex[shareholder] (Ace0.sol#397)
- addShareholder(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#297)
  - shareholders.push(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#392)
- removeShareholder(shareholder) (Ace0.sol#299)
  - shareholders[shareholderIndex[shareholder]] = shareholders[shareholders.length - 1] (Ace0.sol#396)
  - shareholders.pop() (Ace0.sol#396)
- totalShares = totalShares.sub(shareholders[shareholder].amount).add(amount) (Ace0.sol#302)
Reentrancy in Ace0.triggerAutoBuyback() (Ace0.sol#686-671):
External calls:
- buyTokens(autoBuybackAmount,DEAD) (Ace0.sol#667)
  - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#678-683)
State variables written after the call(s):
- autoBuybackAccumulator = autoBuybackAccumulator.add(autoBuybackAmount) (Ace0.sol#669)
- autoBuybackBlockLast = block.number (Ace0.sol#668)
- autoBuybackEnabled = false (Ace0.sol#676)
Reentrancy in Ace0.triggerZeusBuyback(uint256,bool) (Ace0.sol#654-660):
External calls:
- buyTokens(amount,DEAD) (Ace0.sol#655)
  - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens{value: amount}(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (Ace0.sol#678-683)
State variables written after the call(s):
- buybackMultiplierTriggeredAt = block.timestamp (Ace0.sol#657)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/sltlinter/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-2
```

Smart Contract Audit

```
Reentrancy in AceD.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (AceD.sol#527-558):
  External calls:
  - swapBack() (AceD.sol#532)
    - router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(amountToSwap,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#612-618)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (AceD.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(value: amount)(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#678-683)
  - distributor.setShare(sender,_balances[sender]) (AceD.sol#543)
  - distributor.setShare(recipient,_balances[recipient]) (AceD.sol#544)
  - distributor.process(distributorGas) (AceD.sol#546)
  External calls sending eth:
  - swapBack() (AceD.sol#532)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (AceD.sol#629)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (AceD.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(value: amount)(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#678-683)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - Transfer(sender,recipient,amountReceived) (AceD.sol#548)
  - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (AceD.sol#629)
Reentrancy in AceD.transferFrom(address,address,uint256) (AceD.sol#527-558):
  External calls:
  - swapBack() (AceD.sol#532)
    - router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(amountToSwap,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#612-618)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (AceD.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(value: amount)(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#678-683)
  External calls sending eth:
  - swapBack() (AceD.sol#532)
    - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
    - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (AceD.sol#629)
    - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  - triggerAutoBuyback() (AceD.sol#533)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(value: amount)(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#678-683)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - Transfer(sender,address(this),feeAmount) (AceD.sol#590)
    - amountReceived = takeFee(sender,recipient,amount) (AceD.sol#539)
Reentrancy in AceD.constructor(address) (AceD.sol#468-492):
  External calls:
  - pair = IDexFactory(router.factory()).createPair(WBNB,address(this)) (AceD.sol#472)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - Approval(msg.sender,spender,amount) (AceD.sol#507)
    - approve(address(pair),totalSupply) (AceD.sol#489)
  - Approval(msg.sender,spender,amount) (AceD.sol#507)
    - approve(dexRouter,totalSupply) (AceD.sol#488)
  - Transfer(address(0),msg.sender,totalSupply) (AceD.sol#491)
Reentrancy in AceD.swapBack() (AceD.sol#602-644):
  External calls:
  - router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(amountToSwap,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#612-618)
  - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
  - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  External calls sending eth:
  - distributor.deposit{value: amountBNBReflection}() (AceD.sol#628)
  - address(marketingFeeReceiver).transfer(amountBNBMarketing) (AceD.sol#629)
  - router.addLiquidityETH(value: amountBNBLiquidity)(address(this),amountToLiquify,0,0,autoLiquidityReceiver,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#634-641)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - AutoLiquify(amountBNBLiquidity,amountToLiquify) (AceD.sol#642)
Reentrancy in AceD.triggerZeusBuyback(uint256,bool) (AceD.sol#654-686):
  External calls:
  - buyTokens(amount,DEAD) (AceD.sol#655)
    - router.swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(value: amount)(0,path,to,block.timestamp) (AceD.sol#678-683)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - BuybackMultiplierActive(buybackMultiplierLength) (AceD.sol#658)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3

DividendDistributor.shouldDistribute(address) (AceD.sol#353-356) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - shareholderClaims[shareholder] + wtpPeriod < block.timestamp && getUnpaidEarnings(shareholder) > minDistribution (AceD.sol#354-355)
AceD.getMultipliedFee() (AceD.sol#575-584) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - launchedAtTimestamp + 86400 > block.timestamp (AceD.sol#576)
  - buybackMultiplierTriggeredAt.add(buybackMultiplierLength) > block.timestamp (AceD.sol#576)
AceD.shouldSwapBack() (AceD.sol#595-608) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - msg.sender != pair && ! inSwap && swapEnabled && _balances[address(this)] > swapThreshold (AceD.sol#596-599)
AceD.isOverLiquified(uint256,uint256) (AceD.sol#777-779) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - getLiquidityBacking(accuracy) > target (AceD.sol#778)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-documentation#block-timestamp
```

Smart Contract Audit

```
DividendDistributor.shouldDistribute(address) (Ace0.sol#353-356) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - shareholderClaims[shareholder] + minPeriod < block.timestamp && getUnpaidEarnings(shareholder) > minDistribution (Ace0.sol#354-355)
Ace0.getMultipliedFee() (Ace0.sol#575-584) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - launchedAtTimestamp + 86400 = block.timestamp (Ace0.sol#576)
  - buybackMultiplierTriggeredAt.add(buybackMultiplierLength) > block.timestamp (Ace0.sol#578)
Ace0.shouldSwapBack() (Ace0.sol#595-608) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - msg.sender != pair && ! isSwap && swapEnabled && _balances[address(this)] == swapThreshold (Ace0.sol#596-599)
Ace0.isOverLiquidified(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#777-779) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
  - getLiquidtyBacking(accuracy) > target (Ace0.sol#778)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#block-timestamp

Ace0.onlyBuybacker() (Ace0.sol#501) compares to a boolean constant:
  - require(bool,string)(buybacker[msg.sender] == true,_) (Ace0.sol#501)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#boolean-equality

DividendDistributor.process(uint256) (Ace0.sol#327-331) has costly operations inside a loop:
  - currentIndex = 0 (Ace0.sol#329)
DividendDistributor.process(uint256) (Ace0.sol#327-331) has costly operations inside a loop:
  - currentIndex += 1 (Ace0.sol#328)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#costly-operations-inside-a-loop

Ace0.launched() (Ace0.sol#702-704) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.div(uint256,uint256,string) (Ace0.sol#84-89) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.mod(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#73-75) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.mod(uint256,uint256,string) (Ace0.sol#91-96) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.tryAdd(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#16-22) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.tryDiv(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#43-48) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.tryMod(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#50-55) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.tryMul(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#31-41) is never used and should be removed
Safemath.trySub(uint256,uint256) (Ace0.sol#24-29) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Ace0._maxTxAmount (Ace0.sol#417) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:
  - _totalSupply.div(400)
Ace0.swapThreshold (Ace0.sol#464) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:
  - _totalSupply / 2000
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#function-initializing-state

Pragma version^=0.8.0 (Ace0.sol#7) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.0
solc-0.8.0 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Function IDXRouter.WETH() (Ace0.sol#183) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DividendDistributor.setDistributionCriteria(uint256,uint256).minPeriod (Ace0.sol#286) is not in mixedCase
Parameter DividendDistributor.setDistributionCriteria(uint256,uint256).minDistribution (Ace0.sol#286) is not in mixedCase
Variable DividendDistributor._token (Ace0.sol#239) is not in mixedCase
Variable DividendDistributor.BUSD (Ace0.sol#247) is not in mixedCase
Variable DividendDistributor.WBNB (Ace0.sol#248) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setAutoBuybackSettings(bool,uint256,uint256,uint256).enabled (Ace0.sol#686) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setAutoBuybackSettings(bool,uint256,uint256,uint256).cap (Ace0.sol#686) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setAutoBuybackSettings(bool,uint256,uint256,uint256).amount (Ace0.sol#686) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setAutoBuybackSettings(bool,uint256,uint256,uint256).period (Ace0.sol#686) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).liquidityFee (Ace0.sol#735) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).buybackFee (Ace0.sol#735) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).reflectionFee (Ace0.sol#735) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).marketingFee (Ace0.sol#735) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFees(uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256,uint256).feeDenominator (Ace0.sol#735) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFeeReceivers(address,address).autoLiquidityReceiver (Ace0.sol#745) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setFeeReceivers(address,address).marketingFeeReceiver (Ace0.sol#745) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setSwapBackSettings(bool,uint256).enabled (Ace0.sol#758) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setSwapBackSettings(bool,uint256).amount (Ace0.sol#758) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setTargetLiquidty(uint256,uint256).target (Ace0.sol#755) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setTargetLiquidty(uint256,uint256).denominator (Ace0.sol#755) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setDistributionCriteria(uint256,uint256).minPeriod (Ace0.sol#760) is not in mixedCase
Parameter Ace0.setDistributionCriteria(uint256,uint256).minDistribution (Ace0.sol#760) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0.BUSD (Ace0.sol#406) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0.WBNB (Ace0.sol#407) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0.DEAD (Ace0.sol#408) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0.ZERO (Ace0.sol#409) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0.DEAD_NON_CHECKSUM (Ace0.sol#410) is not in mixedCase
Constant Ace0._name (Ace0.sol#412) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Constant Ace0._symbol (Ace0.sol#411) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Constant Ace0._decimals (Ace0.sol#414) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Variable Ace0._totalSupply (Ace0.sol#416) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0._maxTxAmount (Ace0.sol#417) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0._balances (Ace0.sol#419) is not in mixedCase
Variable Ace0._allowances (Ace0.sol#420) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
```


Smart Contract Audit

MythX: -

Report for Aceb.sol
<https://dashboard.mythx.io/#/console/analyses/8cbc7940-a5eb-4f5a-885d-c2abee7173bd>

| Line | SWC Title | Severity | Short Description |
|------|---|----------|---|
| 7 | (SWC-103) Floating Pragma | Low | A floating pragma is set. |
| 18 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 27 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "-" discovered |
| 37 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 38 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 46 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 53 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 58 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 62 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "-" discovered |
| 66 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 70 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 74 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 86 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "-" discovered |
| 87 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 94 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 239 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 247 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 248 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 249 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 251 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 252 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 253 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 261 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "***" discovered |
| 264 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "***" discovered |
| 264 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 266 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 268 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 311 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 312 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 342 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 343 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 348 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "++" discovered |
| 349 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "++" discovered |
| 354 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 396 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 396 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "-" discovered |
| 396 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Compiler-rewritable "<uint> - 1" discovered |
| 397 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 397 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "." discovered |
| 397 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Compiler-rewritable "<uint> - 1" discovered |
| 466 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 468 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |

Smart Contract Audit

| | | | |
|-----|--|---------|--|
| 409 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 410 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 416 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 416 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 416 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "*" discovered |
| 419 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 420 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 422 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 423 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 424 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 426 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 427 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 428 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 429 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 430 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 431 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 436 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 437 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 445 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 446 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 447 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 448 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 451 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 452 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 453 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 454 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 455 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 456 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 458 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 461 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 464 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 465 | (SWC-108) State Variable Default Visibility | Low | State variable visibility is not set. |
| 578 | (SWC-128) Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | Low | Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. |
| 578 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 576 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 608 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 609 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 658 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "+" discovered |
| 650 | (SWC-128) Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | Low | Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. |
| 668 | (SWC-128) Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | Low | Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. |
| 675 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 676 | (SWC-110) Assert Violation | Unknown | Out of bounds array access |
| 692 | (SWC-128) Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | Low | Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. |
| 696 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 708 | (SWC-128) Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes | Low | Potential use of "block.number" as source of randomness. |
| 713 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |
| 742 | (SWC-101) Integer Overflow and Underflow | Unknown | Arithmetic operation "/" discovered |

Smart Contract Audit

Mythril: -

```
root@sv-VirtualBox:/home/sv/AceD# myth analyze AceD.sol
The analysis was completed successfully. No issues were detected.
```

Solhint: -

Lint results:

```
AceD.sol:17:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:25:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:32:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:44:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:51:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:78:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:85:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

```
AceD.sol:92:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

Basic Coding Bugs

1. Constructor Mismatch

- Description: Whether the contract name and its constructor are not identical to each other.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

2. Ownership Takeover

- Description: Whether the set owner function is not protected.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

3. Redundant Fallback Function

- Description: Whether the contract has a redundant fallback function.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

4. Overflows & Underflows

- Description: Whether the contract has general overflow or underflow vulnerabilities
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

5. Reentrancy

- Description: Reentrancy is an issue when code can call back into your contract and change state, such as withdrawing ETHs.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

6. MONEY-Giving Bug

- Description: Whether the contract returns funds to an arbitrary address.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: High

7. Blackhole

- Description: Whether the contract locks ETH indefinitely: merely in without out.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: High

8. Unauthorized Self-Destruct

- Description: Whether the contract can be killed by any arbitrary address.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

9. Revert DoS

- Description: Whether the contract is vulnerable to DoS attack because of unexpected revert.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

10. Unchecked External Call

- Description: Whether the contract has any external call without checking the return value.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

11. Gasless Send

- Description: Whether the contract is vulnerable to gasless send.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

12. Send Instead of Transfer

- Description: Whether the contract uses send instead of transfer.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

13. Costly Loop

- Description: Whether the contract has any costly loop which may lead to Out-Of-Gas exception.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

14. (Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries

- Description: Whether the contract use any suspicious libraries.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

15. (Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables

- Description: Whether the contract contains any randomness variable, but its value can be predicated.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

16. Transaction Ordering Dependence

- Description: Whether the final state of the contract depends on the order of the transactions.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

17. Deprecated Uses

- Description: Whether the contract use the deprecated tx.origin to perform the authorization.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Medium

Semantic Consistency Checks

- Description: Whether the semantic of the white paper is different from the implementation of the contract.
- Result: PASSED
- Severity: Critical

Conclusion

In this audit, we thoroughly analyzed ACED's Smart Contract. The current code base is well organized but there are promptly some low-level issues found in the first phase of Smart Contract Audit.

Meanwhile, we need to emphasize that smart contracts as a whole are still in an early, but exciting stage of development. To improve this report, we greatly appreciate any constructive feedbacks or suggestions, on our methodology, audit findings, or potential gaps in scope/coverage.

About eNebula Solutions

We believe that people have a fundamental need to security and that the use of secure solutions enables every person to more freely use the Internet and every other connected technology. We aim to provide security consulting service to help others make their solutions more resistant to unauthorized access to data & inadvertent manipulation of the system. We support teams from the design phase through the production to launch and surely after.

The eNebula Solutions team has skills for reviewing code in C, C++, Python, Haskell, Rust, Node.js, Solidity, Go, and JavaScript for common security vulnerabilities & specific attack vectors. The team has reviewed implementations of cryptographic protocols and distributed system architecture, including in cryptocurrency, blockchains, payments, and smart contracts. Additionally, the team can utilize various tools to scan code & networks and build custom tools as necessary.

Although we are a small team, we surely believe that we can have a momentous impact on the world by being translucent and open about the work we do.

For more information about our security consulting, please mail us at – contact@enebula.in